## SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT FACT SHEET

## Massachusetts Department of Public Health, Bureau of Substance Abuse Services

This fact sheet contains information about the impact of alcohol and other drug use in the Second Plymouth and Bristol Senatorial District. Admission data were reported to the Bureau of Substance Abuse Services (BSAS) Substance Abuse Management Information System in FY 2004.

## Residents of Second Plymouth and Bristol Senatorial District

## **Characteristics of Admissions**

In FY 2004, there were 102,226 admissions to licensed substance abuse treatment services in all of Massachusetts; 3% (3,058) of these admissions reside in the Second Plymouth and Bristol Senatorial District. 1.4% (43) of admissions from the Second Plymouth and Bristol Senatorial District were under 17 years of age. Please note that these statistics represent only individual admissions, and represent a figure lower than the actual number of constituents in need of treatment services. In FY 2004, admissions to all residential and outpatient substance abuse treatment services from Second Plymouth and Bristol Senatorial District reported the following characteristics:

- 68% were male and 32% were female.
- 57% were between the ages of 30-49.
- 75% were white non-Latino, 14% were black non-Latino, 6% were Latino, and 5% were other racial categories.
- 64% were never married, 14% were married, and 22% reported not to be married now.
- 29% had less than high school education, 53% completed high school, and 18% had more than high school education.
- 26% were employed.
- 17% were homeless.
- 38% had prior mental health treatment.

#### **Primary Substance of Use**

At admission clients also identify a "primary drug" of use that is the substance for which the client is seeking treatment. Table 1 compares the proportional distribution of primary drugs in Massachusetts with that for the Second Plymouth and Bristol Senatorial District.

Table 1 Primary Drug by District and State FY 2004									
	Alcohol	Heroin	Marijuana	Cocaine	Crack				
District	49%	28%	8%	4%	4%				
State	43%	39%	5%	4%	4%				

## **Substances Used in Past Year**

Upon entering treatment, each client is asked to report ALL substances used in the past year (12 months) prior to admission. Admissions frequently report using more than one substance within the year. The use of more than one psychoactive substance, such as alcohol and marijuana, is referred to as 'polydrug' or 'polysubstance' use.

Table 2 shows ALL substances which clients reported using in the year prior to admission, including the prevalence of injection drug users (IDU's), individuals who use a needle to ingest cocaine, crack, heroin or another drug to get high.

Table 2 Annual Admissions by Substance Used: FY 1996 – FY 2004											
Second Plymouth and Bristol Senatorial District											
	Total	Alcohol	Marijuana	Cocaine	Crack	Heroin	IDU				
FY '96	2,418	2,024	675	951	524	602	437				
FY '97	2,924	2,482	836	941	602	679	469				
FY '98	3,322	2,714	850	953	543	932	634				
FY '99	3,388	2,765	967	1,068	661	1,065	754				
FY '00	3,437	2,712	979	1,024	690	1,030	668				
FY '01	3,807	2,956	1,121	1,205	719	1,114	695				
FY '02	3,830	2,937	1,132	1,076	752	1,180	722				
FY '03	3,577	2,588	1,029	1,003	647	1,228	795				
FY '04	3,058	2,255	877	856	561	1,077	751				

# **Heroin and Injection Drug Use**

Figure 1 below shows the proportional increases in all admissions in the Second Plymouth and Bristol Senatorial District and the proportional increase in admissions reporting heroin and injection drug use, a factor driving increases in HIV.

